

Consultation on Digital for Cultural Heritage

Fields marked with * are mandatory.

Introduction

Europe's cultural institutions such as libraries, archives, non-commercial galleries and museums have vast and rich collections, and it is important that they are not just stored in vaults but preserved for future generations and made accessible to the larger public. Furthermore, Europe's monuments, historical buildings and archaeological sites face increasing threats related to natural disasters, accidents, pollution, mass tourism, vandalism or even deterioration over time. The accidental fire at Notre-Dame in Paris in April 2019 was only one tragic reminder of the risks faced by our most valuable cultural heritage assets, and thus of the need to urgently act in this domain.

Advanced technologies, such as 3D, artificial intelligence (AI), augmented reality (AR) and virtual reality (VR), bring unprecedented opportunities, today, to digitise cultural heritage, for preservation, conservation, restoration, research, as well as for a broader, more democratic online access and re-use by various sectors, such as tourism.

The COVID-19 pandemic confirmed once more the importance of enabling the cultural heritage sector to seize the opportunities provided by digital technologies. While some of cultural heritage institutions have managed to use these technologies and turn the crisis into new opportunities for creative expression, more engagement and expansion of audiences, others have been heavily affected, with significant loss of revenue.

It is thus essential to ensure that, in an age of a major transformation of the society and the economy, the cultural heritage sector is equipped with the best tools, resources, knowledge and skills to make the most of the digital transition.

As part of this process, the European Commission is evaluating one of the main policy instruments on digitisation, online access and digital preservation of cultural heritage material, [Commission Recommendation of 27 October 2011 on the digitisation and online accessibility of cultural material and digital preservation \(2011/711/EU\)](#) (the "Recommendation"). The Recommendation contains a set of guidelines to Member States and cultural heritage institutions in order to foster the digitisation of cultural heritage material across Europe, to improve online and cross-border access to such content, and to contribute to its digital preservation.

The aim of this consultation is to gather the views of citizens, competent authorities in the Member States, national and regional cultural heritage institutions, international organisations, concerned stakeholder umbrella organisations, the Europeana ecosystem of organisations and professionals, technology stakeholders with research, products and services in ICT for cultural heritage on:

- a) the importance of digitisation and digital transformation in the cultural heritage sector and the ways of supporting such processes.
- b) the relevance and future of the Recommendation referred to above.

Your participation and feedback to this consultation will help the European Commission to shape the appropriate policy framework and actions to preserve Europe's valuable cultural assets and to give better visibility to its unique cultural diversity.

Depending on your answers, the questionnaire may take approximately 8 minutes.

At the end of the questionnaire, you will be asked if you would like to answer a few additional in-depth questions related to the Recommendation and, optionally, to upload a document (e.g. position paper).

About you

* Language of my contribution

- Bulgarian
- Croatian
- Czech
- Danish
- Dutch
- English
- Estonian
- Finnish
- French
- Gaelic
- German
- Greek
- Hungarian
- Italian
- Latvian
- Lithuanian
- Maltese
- Polish
- Portuguese
- Romanian
- Slovak
- Slovenian
-

Spanish

Swedish

* I am giving my contribution as

- Academic/research institution
- Business association
- Company/business organisation
- Consumer organisation
- EU citizen
- Environmental organisation
- Non-EU citizen
- Non-governmental organisation (NGO)
- Public authority
- Trade union
- Other

* First name

Francesco

* Surname

Guerzoni

* Email (this won't be published)

f.guerzoni@evartists.org

* Organisation name

255 character(s) maximum

European Visual Artists

* Organisation size

- Micro (1 to 9 employees)
- Small (10 to 49 employees)
- Medium (50 to 249 employees)
- Large (250 or more)

Transparency register number

255 character(s) maximum

Check if your organisation is on the [transparency register](#). It's a voluntary database for organisations seeking to influence EU decision-making.

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* Country of origin

Please add your country of origin, or that of your organisation.

- | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Afghanistan | <input type="radio"/> Djibouti | <input type="radio"/> Libya | <input type="radio"/> Saint Martin |
| <input type="radio"/> Åland Islands | <input type="radio"/> Dominica | <input type="radio"/> Liechtenstein | <input type="radio"/> Saint Pierre and Miquelon |
| <input type="radio"/> Albania | <input type="radio"/> Dominican Republic | <input type="radio"/> Lithuania | <input type="radio"/> Saint Vincent and the Grenadines |
| <input type="radio"/> Algeria | <input type="radio"/> Ecuador | <input type="radio"/> Luxembourg | <input type="radio"/> Samoa |
| <input type="radio"/> American Samoa | <input type="radio"/> Egypt | <input type="radio"/> Macau | <input type="radio"/> San Marino |
| <input type="radio"/> Andorra | <input type="radio"/> El Salvador | <input type="radio"/> Madagascar | <input type="radio"/> São Tomé and Príncipe |
| <input type="radio"/> Angola | <input type="radio"/> Equatorial Guinea | <input type="radio"/> Malawi | <input type="radio"/> Saudi Arabia |
| <input type="radio"/> Anguilla | <input type="radio"/> Eritrea | <input type="radio"/> Malaysia | <input type="radio"/> Senegal |
| <input type="radio"/> Antarctica | <input type="radio"/> Estonia | <input type="radio"/> Maldives | <input type="radio"/> Serbia |
| <input type="radio"/> Antigua and Barbuda | <input type="radio"/> Eswatini | <input type="radio"/> Mali | <input type="radio"/> Seychelles |
| <input type="radio"/> Argentina | <input type="radio"/> Ethiopia | <input type="radio"/> Malta | <input type="radio"/> Sierra Leone |
| <input type="radio"/> Armenia | <input type="radio"/> Falkland Islands | <input type="radio"/> Marshall Islands | <input type="radio"/> Singapore |
| <input type="radio"/> Aruba | <input type="radio"/> Faroe Islands | <input type="radio"/> Martinique | <input type="radio"/> Sint Maarten |
| <input type="radio"/> Australia | <input type="radio"/> Fiji | <input type="radio"/> Mauritania | <input type="radio"/> Slovakia |
| <input type="radio"/> Austria | <input type="radio"/> Finland | <input type="radio"/> Mauritius | <input type="radio"/> Slovenia |
| <input type="radio"/> Azerbaijan | <input type="radio"/> France | <input type="radio"/> Mayotte | <input type="radio"/> Solomon Islands |
| <input type="radio"/> Bahamas | <input type="radio"/> French Guiana | <input type="radio"/> Mexico | <input type="radio"/> Somalia |
| <input type="radio"/> Bahrain | <input type="radio"/> French Polynesia | <input type="radio"/> Micronesia | <input type="radio"/> South Africa |
| <input type="radio"/> Bangladesh | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> Moldova | <input type="radio"/> |

- | | French
Southern and
Antarctic Lands | | South Georgia
and the South
Sandwich
Islands |
|--|---|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Barbados | <input type="radio"/> Gabon | <input type="radio"/> Monaco | <input type="radio"/> South Korea |
| <input type="radio"/> Belarus | <input type="radio"/> Georgia | <input type="radio"/> Mongolia | <input type="radio"/> South Sudan |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Belgium | <input type="radio"/> Germany | <input type="radio"/> Montenegro | <input type="radio"/> Spain |
| <input type="radio"/> Belize | <input type="radio"/> Ghana | <input type="radio"/> Montserrat | <input type="radio"/> Sri Lanka |
| <input type="radio"/> Benin | <input type="radio"/> Gibraltar | <input type="radio"/> Morocco | <input type="radio"/> Sudan |
| <input type="radio"/> Bermuda | <input type="radio"/> Greece | <input type="radio"/> Mozambique | <input type="radio"/> Suriname |
| <input type="radio"/> Bhutan | <input type="radio"/> Greenland | <input type="radio"/> Myanmar
/Burma | <input type="radio"/> Svalbard and
Jan Mayen |
| <input type="radio"/> Bolivia | <input type="radio"/> Grenada | <input type="radio"/> Namibia | <input type="radio"/> Sweden |
| <input type="radio"/> Bonaire Saint
Eustatius and
Saba | <input type="radio"/> Guadeloupe | <input type="radio"/> Nauru | <input type="radio"/> Switzerland |
| <input type="radio"/> Bosnia and
Herzegovina | <input type="radio"/> Guam | <input type="radio"/> Nepal | <input type="radio"/> Syria |
| <input type="radio"/> Botswana | <input type="radio"/> Guatemala | <input type="radio"/> Netherlands | <input type="radio"/> Taiwan |
| <input type="radio"/> Bouvet Island | <input type="radio"/> Guernsey | <input type="radio"/> New Caledonia | <input type="radio"/> Tajikistan |
| <input type="radio"/> Brazil | <input type="radio"/> Guinea | <input type="radio"/> New Zealand | <input type="radio"/> Tanzania |
| <input type="radio"/> British Indian
Ocean Territory | <input type="radio"/> Guinea-Bissau | <input type="radio"/> Nicaragua | <input type="radio"/> Thailand |
| <input type="radio"/> British Virgin
Islands | <input type="radio"/> Guyana | <input type="radio"/> Niger | <input type="radio"/> The Gambia |
| <input type="radio"/> Brunei | <input type="radio"/> Haiti | <input type="radio"/> Nigeria | <input type="radio"/> Timor-Leste |
| <input type="radio"/> Bulgaria | <input type="radio"/> Heard Island
and McDonald
Islands | <input type="radio"/> Niue | <input type="radio"/> Togo |
| <input type="radio"/> Burkina Faso | <input type="radio"/> Honduras | <input type="radio"/> Norfolk Island | <input type="radio"/> Tokelau |
| <input type="radio"/> Burundi | <input type="radio"/> Hong Kong | <input type="radio"/> Northern
Mariana Islands | <input type="radio"/> Tonga |
| <input type="radio"/> Cambodia | <input type="radio"/> Hungary | <input type="radio"/> North Korea | <input type="radio"/> Trinidad and
Tobago |
| <input type="radio"/> Cameroon | <input type="radio"/> Iceland | <input type="radio"/> | <input type="radio"/> Tunisia |

- ◉ Canada
- ◉ Cape Verde
- ◉ Cayman Islands
- ◉ Central African Republic
- ◉ Chad
- ◉ Chile
- ◉ China
- ◉ Christmas Island
- ◉ Clipperton
- ◉ Cocos (Keeling) Islands
- ◉ Colombia
- ◉ Comoros
- ◉ Congo
- ◉ Cook Islands
- ◉ Costa Rica
- ◉ Côte d'Ivoire
- ◉ Croatia
- ◉ Cuba
- ◉ Curaçao
- ◉ Cyprus
- ◉ Czechia
- ◉ India
- ◉ Indonesia
- ◉ Iran
- ◉ Iraq
- ◉ Ireland
- ◉ Isle of Man
- ◉ Israel
- ◉ Italy
- ◉ Jamaica
- ◉ Japan
- ◉ Jersey
- ◉ Jordan
- ◉ Kazakhstan
- ◉ Kenya
- ◉ Kiribati
- ◉ Kosovo
- ◉ Kuwait
- ◉ Kyrgyzstan
- ◉ Laos
- ◉ Latvia
- ◉ Lebanon
- ◉ North Macedonia
- ◉ Norway
- ◉ Oman
- ◉ Pakistan
- ◉ Palau
- ◉ Palestine
- ◉ Panama
- ◉ Papua New Guinea
- ◉ Paraguay
- ◉ Peru
- ◉ Philippines
- ◉ Pitcairn Islands
- ◉ Poland
- ◉ Portugal
- ◉ Puerto Rico
- ◉ Qatar
- ◉ Réunion
- ◉ Romania
- ◉ Russia
- ◉ Rwanda
- ◉ Saint Barthélemy
- ◉ Turkey
- ◉ Turkmenistan
- ◉ Turks and Caicos Islands
- ◉ Tuvalu
- ◉ Uganda
- ◉ Ukraine
- ◉ United Arab Emirates
- ◉ United Kingdom
- ◉ United States
- ◉ United States Minor Outlying Islands
- ◉ Uruguay
- ◉ US Virgin Islands
- ◉ Uzbekistan
- ◉ Vanuatu
- ◉ Vatican City
- ◉ Venezuela
- ◉ Vietnam
- ◉ Wallis and Futuna
- ◉ Western Sahara
- ◉ Yemen
- ◉ Zambia

- Democratic Republic of the Congo
- Lesotho
- Liberia
- Denmark
- Saint Helena
Ascension and
Tristan da
Cunha
- Saint Kitts and
Nevis
- Saint Lucia
- Zimbabwe

* Publication privacy settings

The Commission will publish the responses to this public consultation. You can choose whether you would like your details to be made public or to remain anonymous.

Anonymous

Only your type of respondent, country of origin and contribution will be published. All other personal details (name, organisation name and size, transparency register number) will not be published.

Public

Your personal details (name, organisation name and size, transparency register number, country of origin) will be published with your contribution.

I agree with the [personal data protection provisions](#)

Some specific questions about your profile

1. What is your age group?

- 18 or under
- 19-24
- 25-34
- 35-44
- 45-54
- 55-64
- 65 or above

2. In which sector are you or is your organisation active?

- Culture
- Creative arts/media
- Education or research
-

- Tourism
- Technology/ICT
- Other (please specify)

4. What is your current occupation?

- High-school student
- University student
- Artist/creator/designer
- Teacher/researcher/academic
- Professional in the cultural heritage sector
- Professional in the creative industries
- Professional in another sector but I'm a culture and art enthusiast
- Technology/ICT professional
- Civil servant/public administrator
- Other (please specify)

Cultural heritage sector in the context of the COVID-19 crisis

5. How did the crisis affect your organisation?

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	I don't know / no opinion
Loss of income	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Dismiss staff	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Struggle with advanced digital skills needed to manage the online presence	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Suspend contracts with free-lance workers	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

6. Did you increase your online offer during the confinement period ? If yes, what kind of online offer do you consider important to sustain after the pandemics?

Yes. Some of our members cooperated with Museums and galleries to license collections so that they could be made available online for the public to enjoy, while ensuring that artists got a fair remuneration. Cultural Heritage Institutions should continue seeking similar cooperation with Collective Management Organisations (CMOs) and they will find it everywhere in the EU.

7. Based on the lessons learned from the COVID-19 crisis, how important do you think digital technologies will be in order to make your organisation more resilient in the future?

- Very important
- Important
- Not very important
- Not important at all
- I don't know/no opinion

8. Do you envision additional changes to the digital activities and services provided by your institution in the future (e.g. more digitisation, more online access and innovative experiences)? Please list the most important or relevant ones.

More monitoring of copyrighted content available online and more licensing accordingly.

9. Are you already making or will you make use of digital technologies to overcome the difficulties posed by social distancing, limits in the number of visitors and access limitations?

Not applicable.

Digitising cultural heritage

10. Based in particular on the lessons learned from the COVID-19 crisis, to what extent do you agree with the following statements about the importance of digital technologies for cultural heritage and that of digitised cultural heritage for society?

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	I don't know / no opinion
Digital technologies can help in the re-construction of damaged cultural heritage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Digital technologies can help to increase the number of people accessing cultural heritage through the Internet.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Digitisation, online access and digital preservation of cultural heritage are important to society.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

11. In your view, in particular in the light of the COVID-19 crisis, how important is it to digitise the following categories of cultural heritage?

	Very important	Important	Not very important	Not important at all	I don't know / no opinion
Endangered cultural heritage objects, buildings or sites (threatened by deterioration, neglect, destruction or alteration, pollution, or disappearance).	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
National masterpieces, as selected by experts or academics in the field	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Collections from museums, libraries, archives (including audiovisual and sound archives)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Historical buildings, monuments and archaeological sites	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Intangible cultural heritage (for example, festivals, traditions, or national and regional customs)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

12. Are there other categories of cultural heritage that you think would be important to digitise?

Whatever category of cultural heritage is digitized, there should be a requisite of authorizations by rightholders to the extent that copyrighted content is involved in the digitisation projects.

13. In your view, how valuable are the following applications of 3D technologies in the area of cultural heritage:

	Very valuable	Valuable	Not valuable	Not valuable at all	I don't know /no opinion
For creating digital twins of cultural heritage buildings, monuments and sites such as Notre Dame, before they are damaged by fire or other disasters	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
For creating high-quality 3D models of museum objects like the ones in the Green	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Vault jewellery collection, before they are lost as a result of theft or another catastrophe					
For creating 3D models of cultural heritage buildings, monuments and sites or museum object for online visualisation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
For creating 3D models of cultural heritage buildings, monuments and sites or museum object for immersive experiences	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Other (please specify)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Using and re-using digitised cultural heritage assets

14. In your opinion, in the light of the COVID-19 crisis, how important is it to improve online access to digital cultural heritage?

- Very important
- Important
- Not very important
- Not important at all
- I don't know / no opinion

15. (Optional) Which of the following forms of presenting cultural heritage are appealing to you? You can select multiple answers, or no answer if you do not know or have no opinion on this aspect.

- Curated content (online exhibitions, ...)
- Tutorials, online classes on specific topics
- Serious games (for example, for education or for scientific exploration)
- Virtual visits of sites (such as in 3D or VR)
- Personalised recommendations
- Other (please specify)

If Other, please specify

Whatever form has obtained a license by rightsholders to the extent that copyrighted content is involved.

16. (Optional) In your opinion, what are the main difficulties or shortcomings when accessing or re-using European cultural heritage content online? You can select multiple answers, or no answer if you do not know or have no opinion on this aspect.

- Not enough content is available
- Insufficient quality (for example, low resolution images, or poor or no explanatory text)
- The content that I like is not available online
- The explanatory text is not available in my language
- I don't know where to find digitised European cultural heritage content
- The copyright and re-use status of digital objects are unclear
- Other (please specify)

If Other, please specify

Visual Collective Management Organisations have the mandates, experience and legal expertise to cooperate with any willing cultural heritage institution to give access to and clarifications on copyrighted visual works.

17. In your view, how important or valuable is the availability of digitised cultural heritage content for re-use for the following activities/sectors?

	Very important	Important	Not very important	Not important at all	I don't know / no opinion
Research	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Education	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Tourism	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Creative industries	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Technology /ICT	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

18. Are there other sectors where you think the re-use of digitised cultural heritage would be particularly valuable?

19. Do you think that digital technologies can empower and encourage people into more active and creative cultural participation, e.g. by developing new content themselves on the basis of digitised cultural heritage or putting their own cultural content online on a website or blog?

- Strongly agree
- Agree
-

- Neither agree nor disagree
- Disagree
- Strongly disagree
- I don't know / no opinion

Digital transformation

20. In your view, and in the light of the COVID-19 crisis, what are the most important aspects of digital transformation in the cultural heritage sector? You can select multiple answers:

- Adopting advanced digitisation technologies
- Creating a more agile digital environment (e.g. in terms of processes, awareness, culture, leadership)
- Acquiring advanced digital skills
- Carrying out mass digitisation of existing and new material
- Providing online access to digitised content
- Using digitised content in immersive experiences with the help of interactive technologies such as VR and AR
- Organising virtual exhibitions online
- Putting in place curation structures for digital assets
- Other (please specify).

21. In your view, what are the core sets of digital skills that the professionals of the cultural heritage sector should acquire? You can select multiple answers:

- Digitisation (2D and/or 3D)
- Data and metadata management and analytics
- Copyright and licensing
- Interactive technologies (e.g. VR and AR)
- Other (please specify)

22. In your view, how valuable are the following applications of data and AI technologies in the area of cultural heritage:

	Very valuable	Valuable	Not very valuable	Not valuable at all	I don't know /no opinion

Automated annotation of digitised cultural heritage (e.g. metadata describing and classifying an object or an image)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Automated recognition of objects and fragments of objects (e.g. identifying the source object when just fragments are available)	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Reconstruction of lost cultural heritage information (e.g. predicting what a building such as a castle looked like originally when only some ruins are left and no other specific information about it)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Extraction of new knowledge from cultural heritage data (e.g. research on influences between artists, styles, or periods)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Other	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

23. In your view, how valuable would the following digital infrastructure elements be for the area of cultural heritage:

	Very valuable	Valuable	Not very valuable	Not valuable at all	I don't know /no opinion
Common data spaces for sharing cultural heritage data and building up high-value data sets	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Repository infrastructure for digitised cultural heritage content	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Cloud infrastructure for research on digitised cultural heritage material	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Supercomputing capabilities for large-scale cultural heritage simulations (e.g. models of entire cities or regions across time)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Other	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

24. Do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the importance of and the need to support digital transformation in the cultural heritage sector in the aftermath of the COVID-19 crisis?

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	I don't know / no opinion

The EU and the Member States should intensify their actions in order to help cultural heritage institutions to address the challenges and seize the opportunities of the digital era.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
The digital transformation of European cultural heritage institutions should be addressed and coordinated at EU level.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The EU's support to Europeana , Europe's only digital platform for cultural heritage, is important.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Specific questions about Recommendation 2011/711/EU

25. Would you like to answer more specific questions about the Recommendation?

- Yes
- No

26. *(This and the following questions in this section are all dependent on selecting Yes under the previous question)* Do you agree or disagree with the following statements about the Recommendation?

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree	I don't know / no opinion
The provisions of the Recommendation have been implemented effectively and have achieved their objective to improve conditions in the areas addressed.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The benefits of implementing the Recommendation are significant and justify the costs, which are proportionate.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The Recommendation has been coherent with other EU policies and initiatives (for example, with the Public Sector Information Directive, relevant						

copyright provisions including the Orphan Works Directive and the Directive on Copyright in the Digital Single Market, or Europeana's mission).	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
As an instrument at EU level, the Recommendation provides added value, compared to the initiatives that Member States would have taken in the absence of it.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Having such a Recommendation continues to be important, but it should be updated to reflect better today's needs in the area of digitised cultural heritage, and increase the potential of Europe's cultural heritage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

27. In your view, what would be the best future course of action concerning the Recommendation?

- Broadening the scope of the Recommendation to include cultural heritage currently not addressed or minimally addressed (e.g. intangible and immovable cultural heritage)
- Broadening the scope of the Recommendation to include the digital transformation of cultural heritage institutions, in addition to digitisation, online access and digital preservation of cultural heritage
- Both of the above
- No change, continue with the provisions of the Recommendation as they stand

28. Do you have something else to suggest for the future of the Recommendation?

Following up on the provisions of Art 12 DSM Directive 2019/790 and allow for Extended Collective Licensing systems to cover also uses of visual works falling within the scope of this Recommendation. It would maximise accessibility and legal certainty for CHIs and ensure fair remuneration for rightsholders.

29. Which of the following would be especially important to you in the event of a revision of the Recommendation, considering the lessons learned from the COVID-19 crisis? You can select multiple answers.

Digital transformation of the cultural heritage sector, including capacity building through acquisition and development of advanced digital literacy and skills

- Cultural heritage currently not addressed (e.g. intangible and born-digital cultural heritage)
- More consideration of immovable cultural heritage (archaeological sites, monuments and historic buildings)
- Pan-European efforts for 3D digitisation of cultural heritage artefacts, monuments and sites
- New quantitative targets for immovable cultural heritage to be digitised in 3D
- Europeana's role as the EU flagship for online access to cultural heritage and as an enabler of digital transformation
- Qualitative targets per Member State for Europeana content
- Encouraging Member States to provide high-quality content to Europeana
- More multilingual content, functionality and tools to enable users to experience content in their own language
- Creating high-value cultural heritage data sets (e.g. sets of digitised cultural artefacts with high-quality metadata) for helping innovation in AI and for research
- Provisions on online engagement, online participation, and online re-use
- Empowerment of citizens as consumers, creators and 'prosumers'
- Ethical and privacy issues arising in the context of digitising cultural heritage and providing online access to it
- Other (please specify)

If Other, please specify

Recommend uses of copyrighted material falling within the scope of the Recommendation to be covered by licenses, eg. Extended Collective Licensing.

Other suggestions and comments

30. Do you have other suggestions for or comments on improving digitisation, online access, digital preservation and digital transformation in the cultural heritage sector?

31. If you like, you can also submit a file (e.g. position paper).

The maximum file size is 1 MB

Only files of the type pdf,txt,doc,docx,odt,rtf are allowed

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/Additional_text_to_EC_consultation_on_Digital_for_Cultural_Heritage.pdf

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